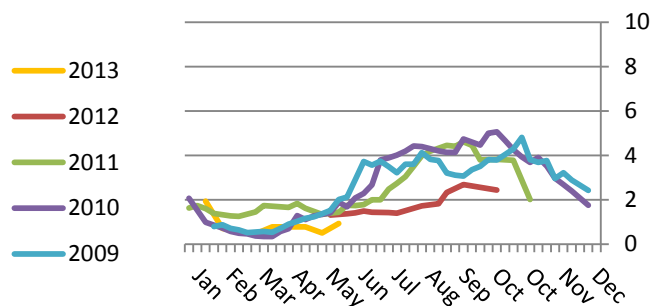
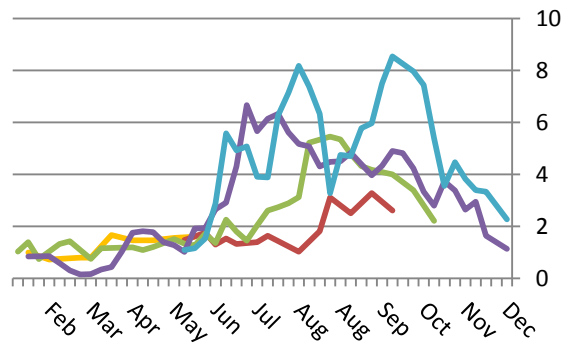


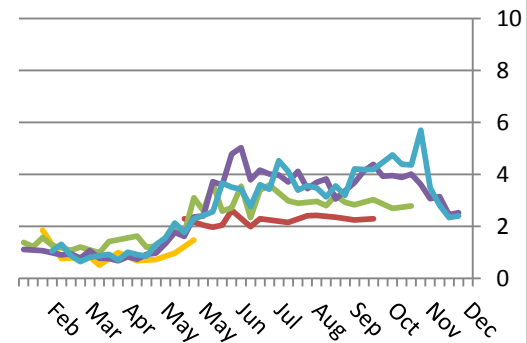
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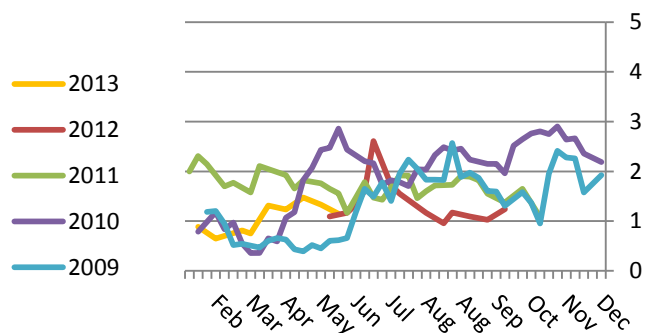
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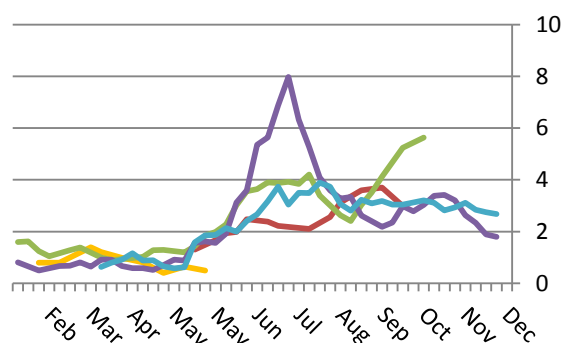
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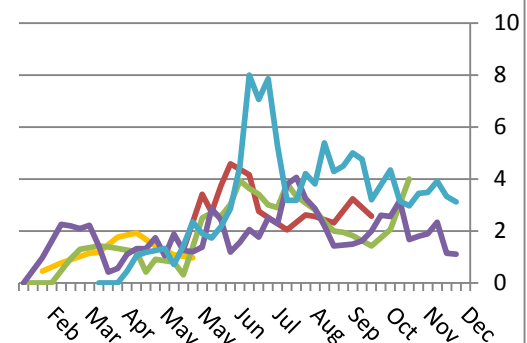
Bend/Prineville



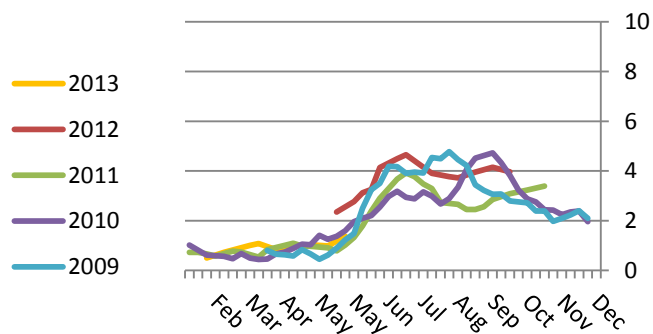
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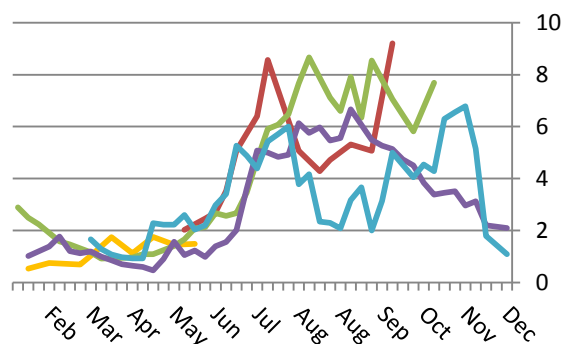
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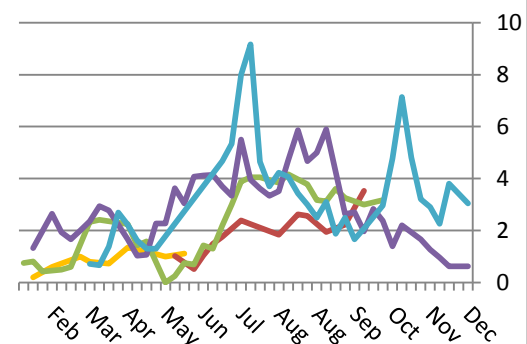
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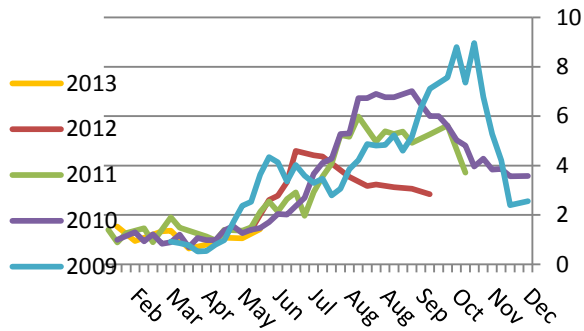
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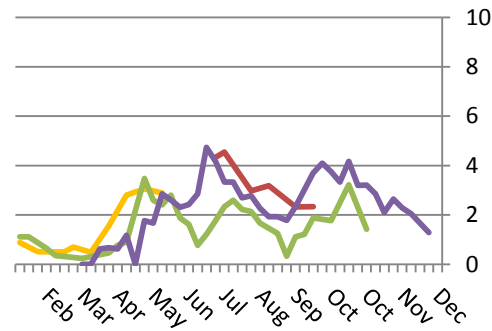
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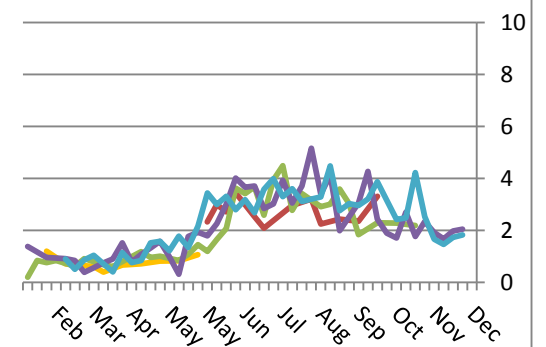
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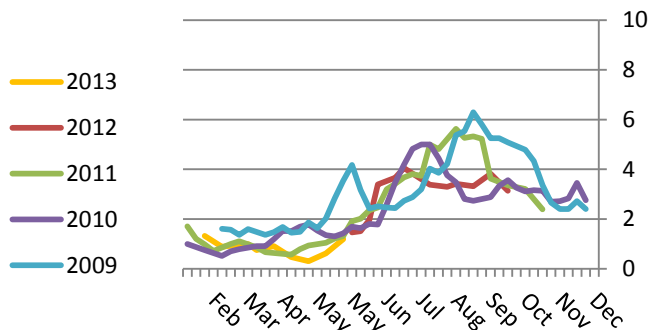
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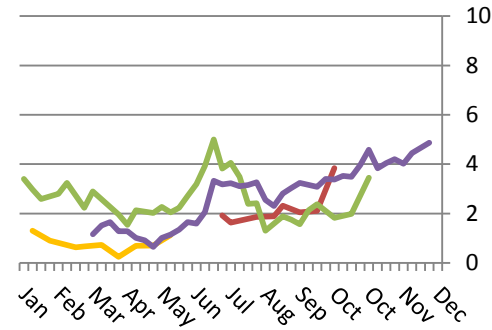
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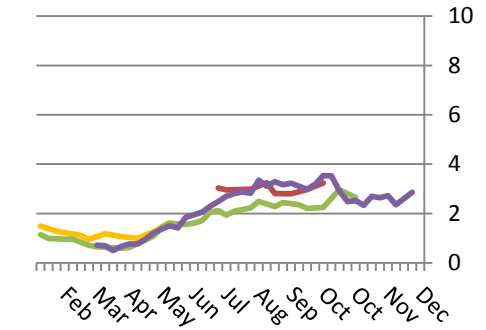
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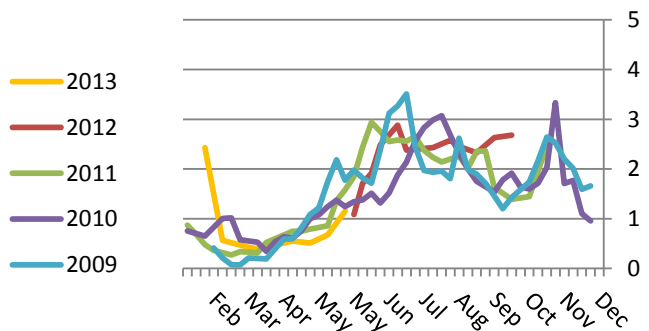
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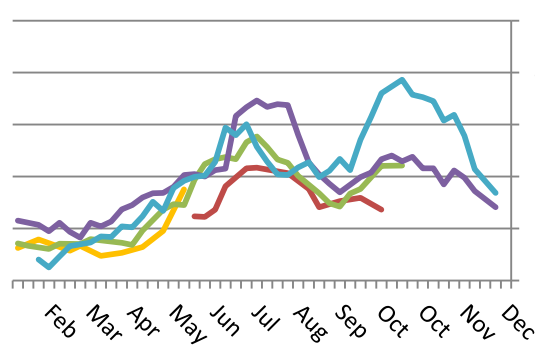
Spokane



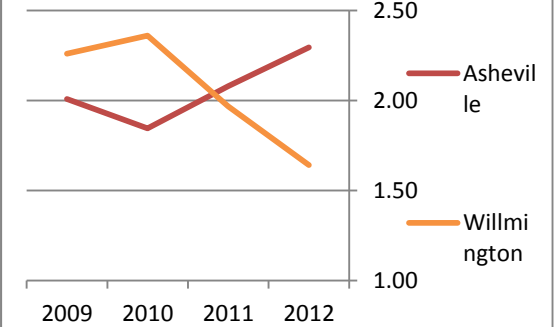
Asheville*



Willmington



Ave CLKI



Month	China	Italy	Spain	United States	United Kingdom
Feb	2.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Mar	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Apr	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
May	4.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	3.5
Jun	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.0	3.0
Jul	6.0	4.5	4.0	4.0	2.5
Aug	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	2.5
Sep	4.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.5
Oct	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.5
Nov	3.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Dec	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Month	China	Italy	Spain	United States
Feb	2.0	1.5	1.5	2.5
Mar	1.5	2.0	1.5	2.0
Apr	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.5
May	4.0	4.0	3.5	4.0
Jun	8.5	5.0	4.5	5.5
Jul	8.0	5.5	4.5	5.5
Aug	5.5	5.0	4.5	5.5
Sep	6.5	5.0	5.5	5.0
Oct	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.5
Nov	3.5	3.0	3.5	3.5
Dec	3.0	2.5	3.0	3.0

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases (purple line) and the 7-day moving average (red line) in the United States from February to December 2020. The y-axis represents the number of cases, ranging from 0 to 10. The x-axis represents the months. The daily count line shows significant fluctuations, with peaks around 7.5 in late July and late September. The 7-day moving average line is smoother, peaking at approximately 6 in late July and late September.

Month	Daily Count (Approx.)	7-Day Moving Average (Approx.)
Feb	1.5	1.5
Mar	1.5	1.5
Apr	2.0	2.0
May	4.0	4.0
Jun	6.0	5.0
Jul	7.5	6.0
Aug	5.0	5.0
Sep	7.5	6.0
Oct	4.0	4.0
Nov	2.5	2.5
Dec	2.0	2.0

The graph displays the seasonal pattern of deaths per 100,000 population in the United States from February to December for the years 2009 through 2013. The y-axis represents the death rate, ranging from 0 to 5. The x-axis shows the months. Each year is represented by a different colored line: 2013 (yellow), 2012 (red), 2011 (green), 2010 (purple), and 2009 (blue). All years show a similar trend with a peak in the summer months (June and July) and a trough in the winter months (February and March). The 2012 peak is the highest, reaching approximately 5.2 deaths per 100,000 in July. The 2009 peak is the lowest, reaching approximately 3.2 deaths per 100,000 in September.

Year	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2013	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.2	2.5	4.5	3.5	2.5	2.0	1.5	1.2
2012	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.5	3.5	5.2	4.5	3.0	3.5	2.5	2.0
2011	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.5	3.0	4.8	3.5	2.5	2.5	2.0	1.5
2010	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.5	3.5	4.8	3.5	2.5	2.5	2.0	1.5
2009	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.5	2.5	3.5	3.0	3.2	2.5	2.0	1.5

The chart displays the percentage of respondents who believe the U.S. is the best country to live in. The red line represents the current survey, the green line represents the 2017 survey, and the blue line represents the 2016 survey. The x-axis shows months from February to December, and the y-axis shows percentages from 0 to 100.

Month	Current Survey (%)	2017 Survey (%)	2016 Survey (%)
Feb	45	40	45
Mar	40	45	40
Apr	35	55	40
May	45	45	45
Jun	55	45	45
Jul	55	45	45
Aug	50	45	45
Sep	55	45	45
Oct	75	55	45
Nov	45	45	45

The graph illustrates the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on mortality in the United States during 2020. The purple line, representing total deaths, shows a sharp increase starting in March, peaking in October at approximately 4.2 deaths per 100,000 population, and then declining. The green line, representing deaths from COVID-19, follows a similar trend, peaking in October at about 3.2 deaths per 100,000. The red line, representing deaths from other causes, shows a more gradual increase, peaking in September and October at around 2.0 deaths per 100,000. The overall trend indicates a significant increase in total mortality during the pandemic period, with a notable peak in October.

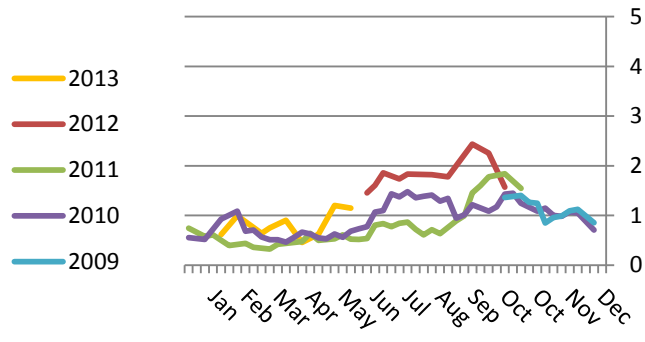
The graph displays the monthly death toll per 100,000 population from January to December for five consecutive years. The y-axis represents the death rate, ranging from 0 to 10. The x-axis lists the months. The 2010 series (purple) shows a dramatic peak in June, while the other years show more moderate peaks around the same time. The 2013 series (orange) shows a low death rate throughout the year, with a slight dip in February.

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2013	2.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.5	3.5	4.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
2012	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
2011	3.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.5	7.5	7.5	6.5	5.5	4.5	3.5
2010	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	9.5	7.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	4.5
2009	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	5.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	4.5	3.5

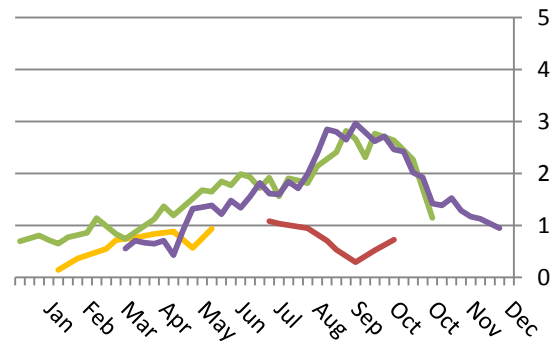
The graph displays the progression of COVID-19 in the United States throughout 2020. The red line represents the total number of cases, which shows a steady increase from January, followed by a sharp spike in July that exceeds the 10 million mark. The green line represents daily new cases, which also shows a significant peak in July, reaching over 8 million. The blue line represents deaths, which shows a peak in October, reaching over 6 million. The purple line represents recoveries, which shows a peak in July, reaching over 6 million. The x-axis is labeled with the months of the year, and the y-axis is labeled with the number of cases, ranging from 0 to 10 million.

The graph displays the monthly death toll in the United States during 2020. The purple line represents the total number of deaths per 100,000 population, which shows a significant peak in May and June, reaching nearly 5. The green line represents deaths from COVID-19, which shows a sharp increase starting in April, peaking in June at approximately 4.8, and then fluctuating between 3 and 4.5. The red line represents deaths from causes other than COVID-19, which shows a general decline from January to July, followed by a sharp increase in August and September, peaking in September at approximately 4.2, and then fluctuating between 2.5 and 4.5.

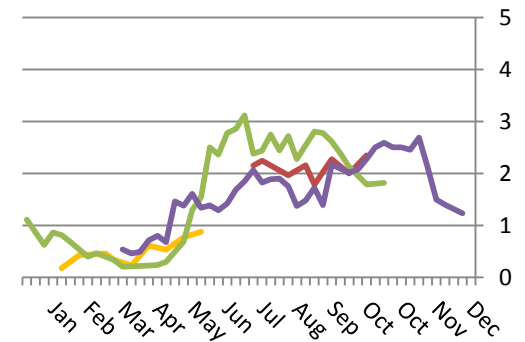
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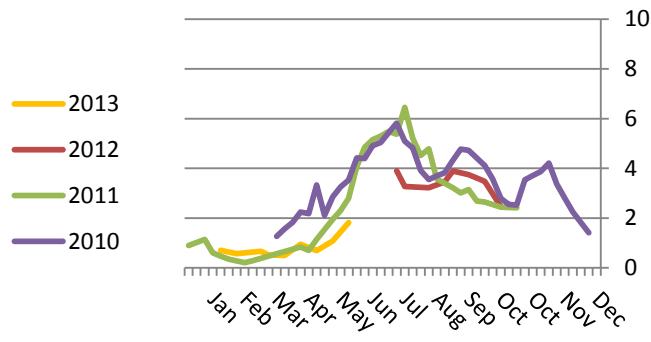
Humbolt



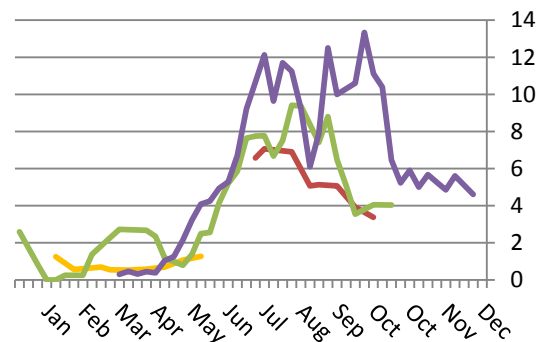
Monterey



Visalia-Tulare



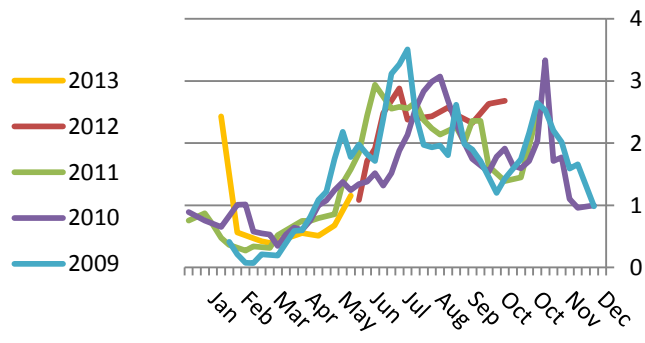
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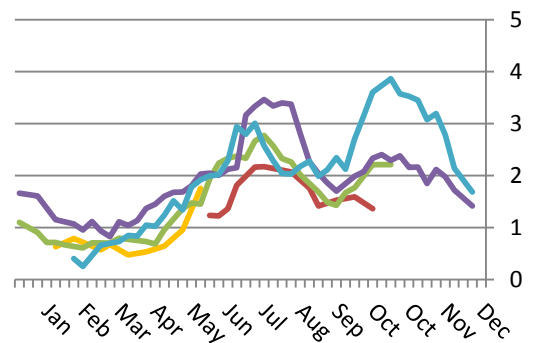
Ave CLKI



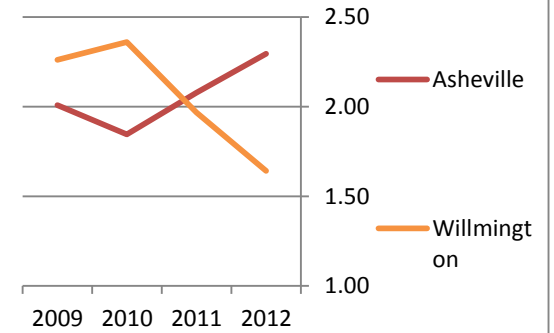
Asheville



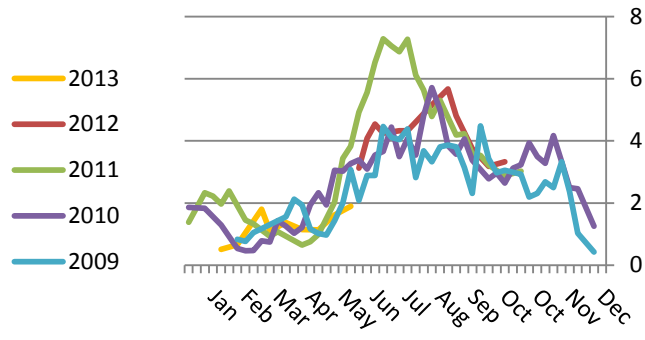
Willmington NC



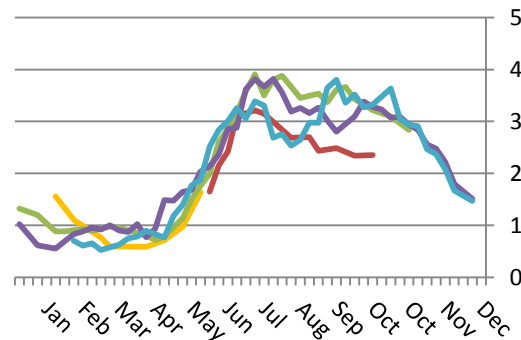
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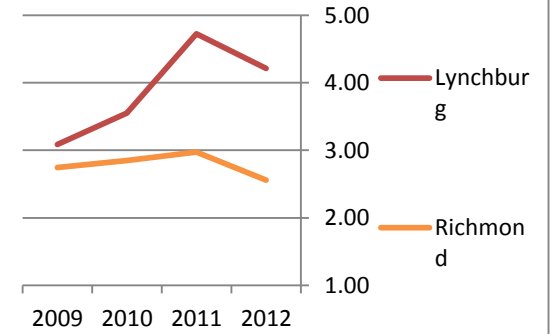
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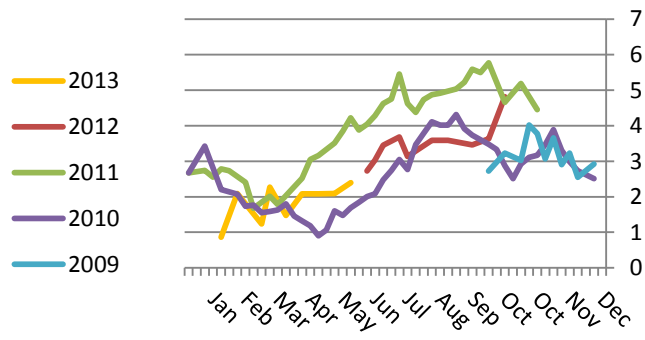
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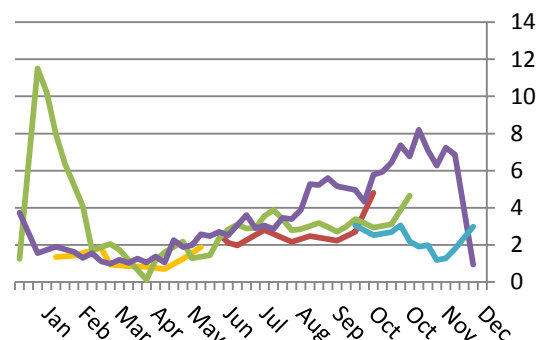
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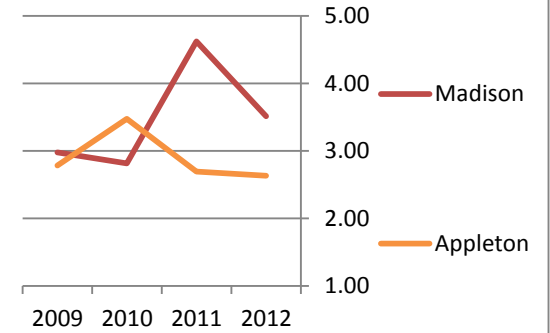
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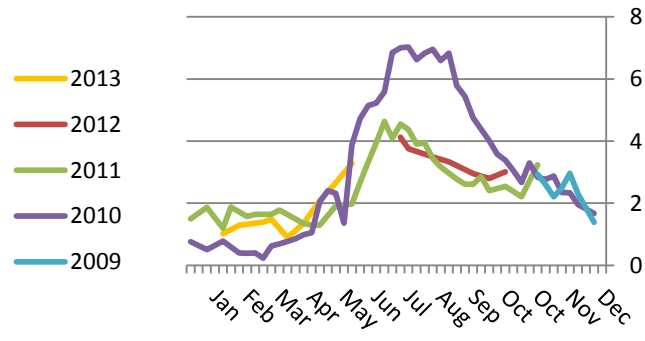
Appleton WI



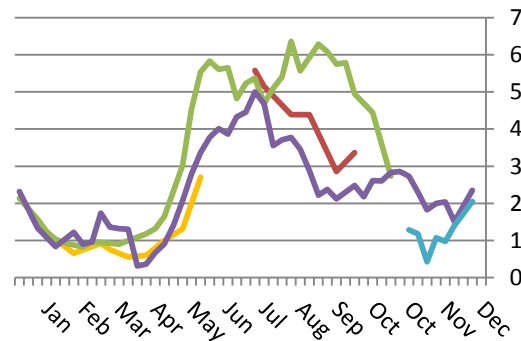
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Baton Rouge



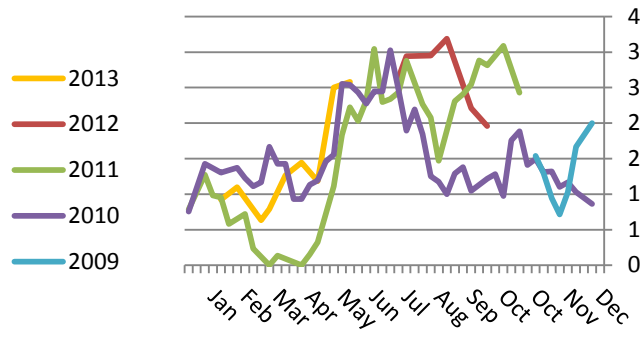
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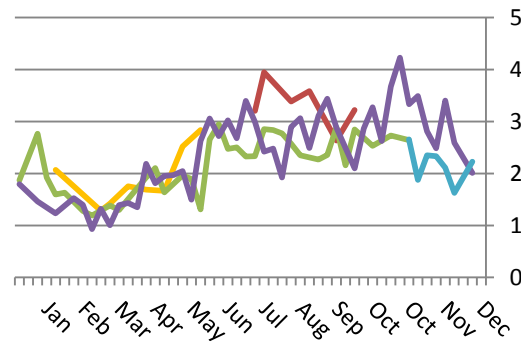
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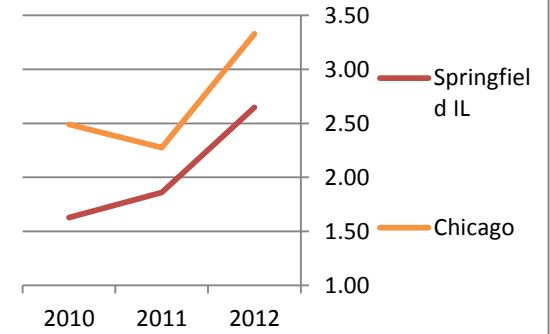
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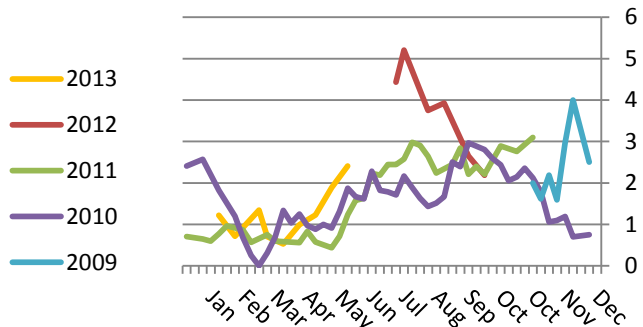
Chicago



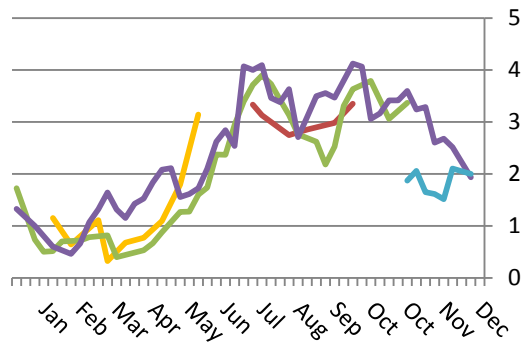
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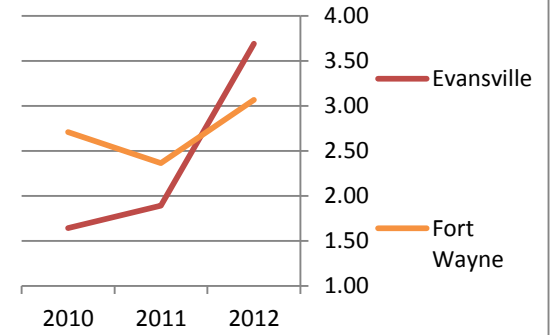
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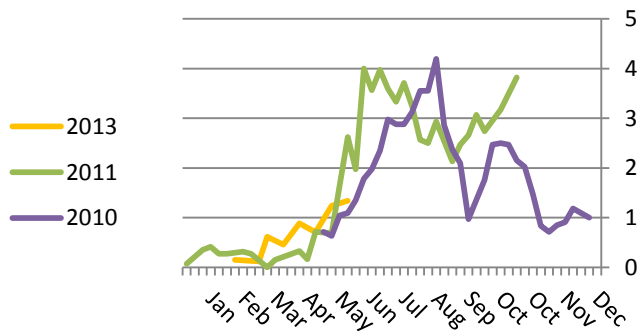
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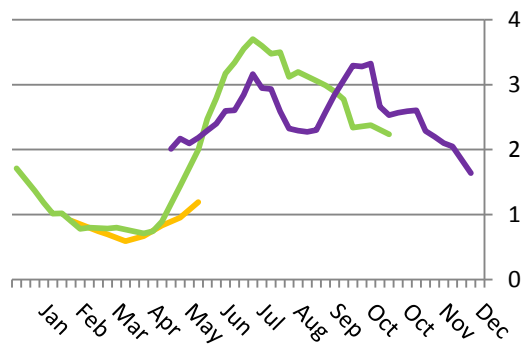
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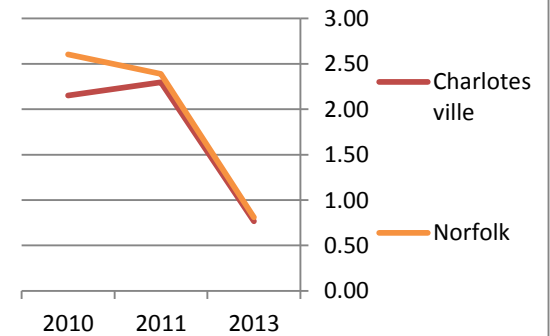
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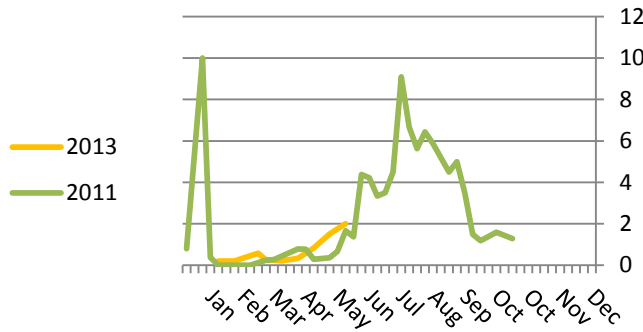
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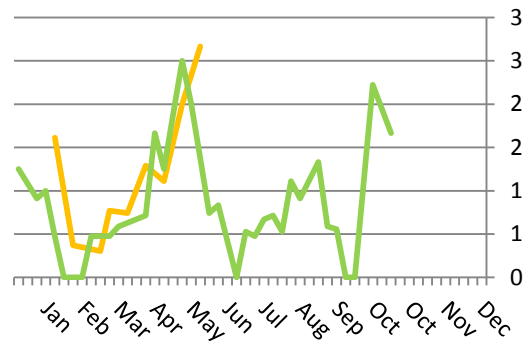
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Hanford



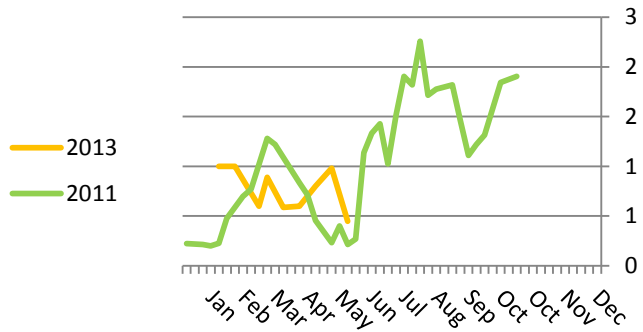
Mendocino



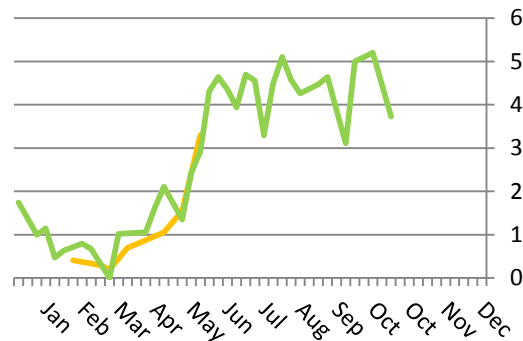
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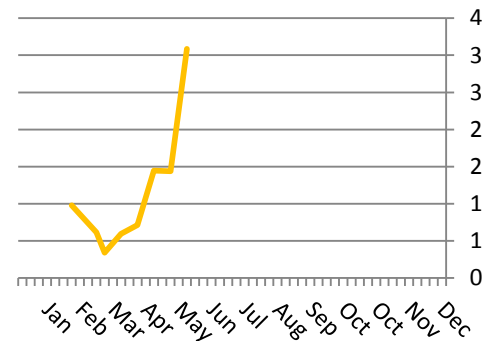
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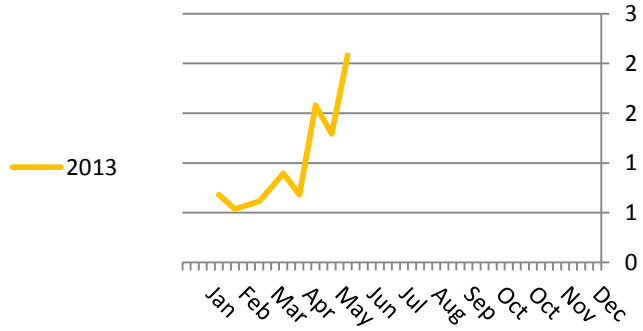
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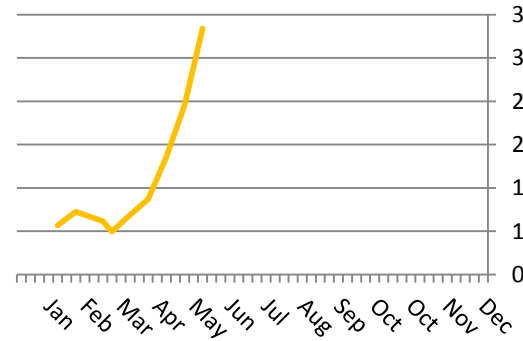
hickory / lenoir



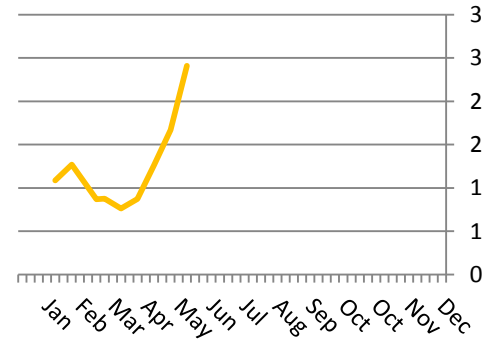
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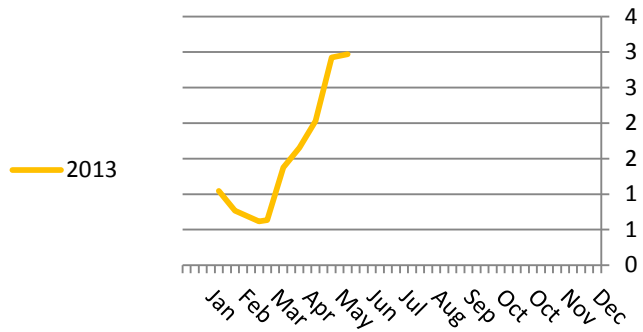
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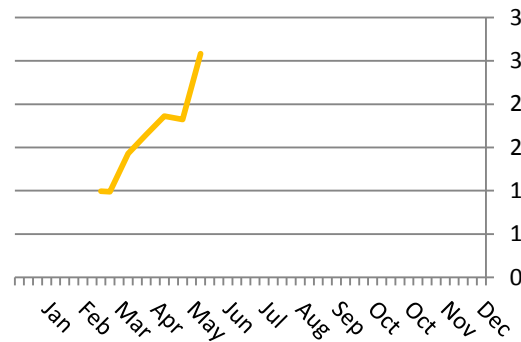
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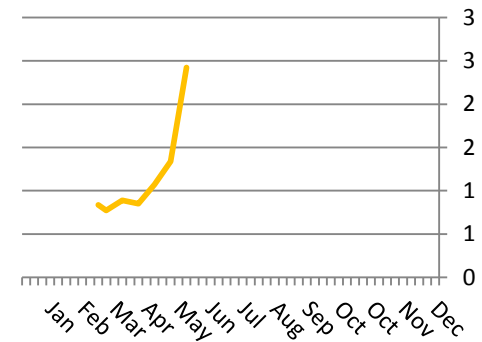
winston-salem



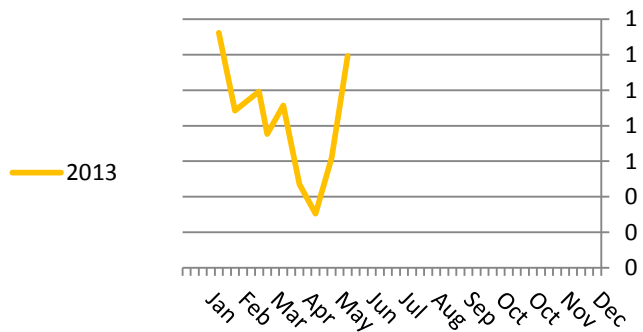
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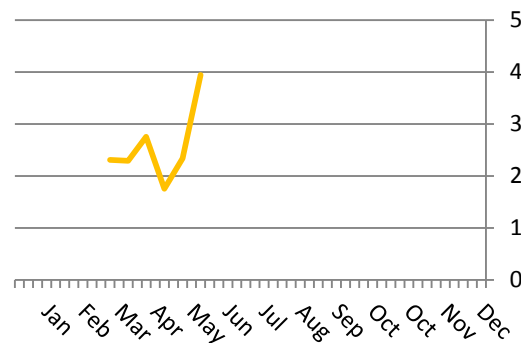
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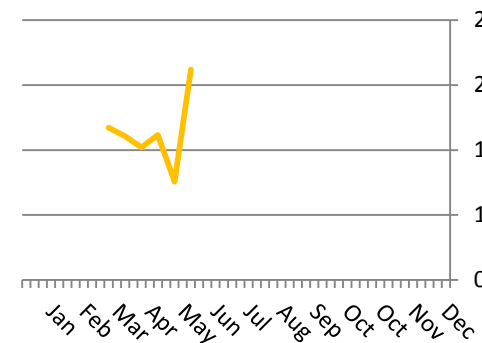
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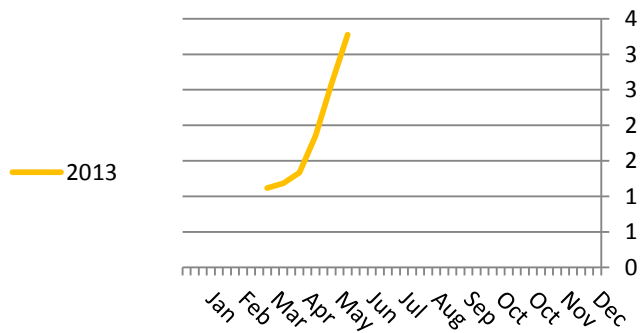
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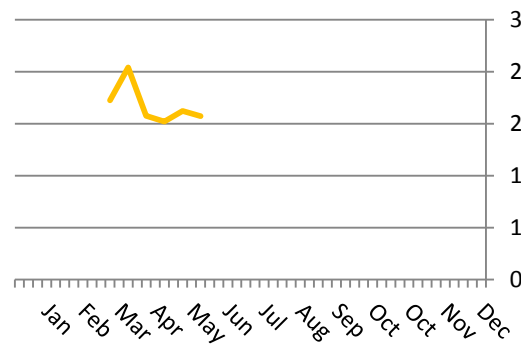
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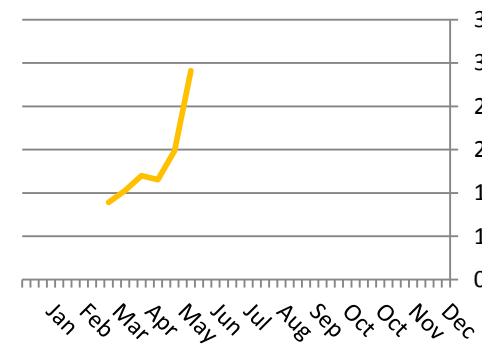
Flint



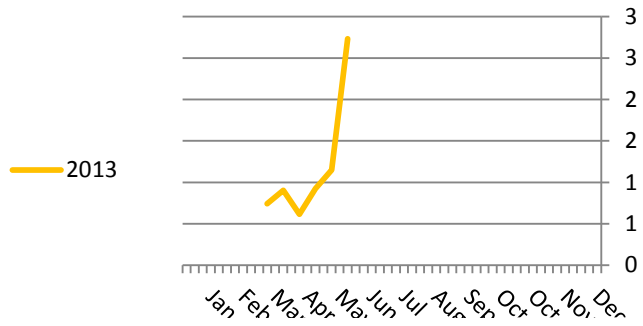
Grand Rapids



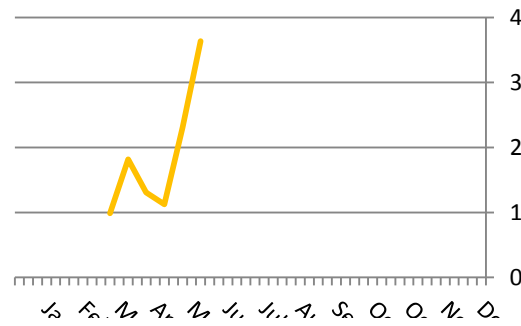
Kalamazo



Lansing



Sagomaw



South Bend

